

SPRINGFIELD GLOBE-REPUBLIC

THE SPRINGFIELD GLOBE,
Volume V. Number 117.

SPRINGFIELD, OHIO, MONDAY EVENING, APRIL 6, 1885.

THE SPRINGFIELD REPUBLIC
Volume XXXI. Number

Indications.
WASHINGTON, April 6.—For Ohio Valley and Tennessee: Increasing cloudiness; light rain; slightly warmer weather; winds shifting to southerly.

OWEN BROTHERS.

Boys' Suits innumerable in all manner of materials, colors and trimmings. Not a shadow of doubt about it! Ours is the greatest display of fine suits for boys ever seen in a Springfield store. Compare, if you please, our plaited Blouse Suit, lot 6416 at \$3.50, or lot 6402 at \$5.00, with those to be found a square away at one, two or three dollars more money. Take our plaited Tourist at \$2 per suit alongside of others of equal material and make. There's no use. No house not a manufacturer can expect to meet our prices within 25 per cent. We know it, and so do they.

Tailor-made overcoats, silk and satin lined throughout, and others less expensively trimmed. A look among them wouldn't be out of place just at this time. The very essence of low prices are reached, a fact found here first. Think of an all wool fine Brown Corkscrew Worsteds Overcoat for \$10, and see it at your leisure.

It's Pantaloon time all the year round. Our spring choice is great. We're too many for the space. We're willing to sell, 100 pairs of hardusage pants, \$1.25, others \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2, a bouncer at \$3.75 to close the line.

Four times the variety in working shirts. None need be without. Hickory 25c, Cheviot 25c, better 40c; a five hundred choice at 50c; others 65c and 75c. It's well enough to walk through and look.

Flannel Shirts of all sorts and less in price by a third. Stop at our west window and see the quality and quantity of goodness to be had at \$1.25.

All that particular line of youths' working suits we've been so blindly talking about for the past week are to be sold next Friday, April 10th, at

\$1.00 PER SUIT,
Coat, Vest and Pants, for less than the making of one garment. To be looked at any day previous to above date, but not for sale before Friday morning. On account of the grand rush this sale is sure to bring, it will be necessary to sell "as are" allowing no exchanges. Be ready.

OWEN BROTHERS
Clothing Manufacturers, Retailers at Wholesale Prices and Only One Price Clothing House in Springfield.

PIANOS.



BEHNING
Pianos.
These renowned pianos are kept in all styles at the Arcade Piano and Organ House. Some new styles just arriving for spring trade.

Write for Prices and Catalogue.
We Have Some Rare Bargains
In second-hand Pianos. We must make room for our spring stock that has commenced to arrive. Good reliable agents wanted to sell our entire line of Pianos and Organs in every city and town in Southern Ohio. Address,
R. F. BRANDOM & CO.,
74 ARCADE,
Springfield, Ohio.

SUN-LIGHT ON "BAD TIMES."

Mr. Dana Says Money is Plenty and That the Country is Abounding in Wealth.

War Between England and Russia Still Probable.

The English Still Pursuing the Arabs in Egypt.

Ohio Municipal Elections Today.

General Grant Will Live Several Days.

Condition of General Grant.

New York, April 6.—General Grant had an undisturbed, refreshing sleep of seven and a half hours. His pulse is at 80 and full, and his temperature is normal.

He has had no pain during the night and has coughed very little. He is inclined to be cheerful.

New York, April 6.—Senator Chaffee, who left the house between 10 and 11 o'clock, said that the General's voice was clear at times and husky at times, according to the amount of mucus, and that he may live two or three days yet. The family last night and the night before slept more than in a good many days.

U. S. Grant, Jr., left the house at 11. He said that he had talked with his father, and the General had talked with him.

He was very quiet. The situation this morning was cheering.

Ex-Secretary Frelinghuysen Not Expected to Live—Troops for Aspinwall.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—A dispatch received here this morning from the home of ex-Secretary Frelinghuysen says he is not expected to live through the day.

The Secretary of the Navy has ordered 250 marines and 100 Blue Jackets to sail today on the Aspinwall to Aspinwall.

When these men arrive the United States will have about 1,200 men and 100 officers on the isthmus. The entire force will be under command of Admiral Joutet. Captain H. McCalla and Lieutenant T. B. Mason have been ordered to proceed to Aspinwall today. Captain McCalla will be in command of a supplementary force of Marines, subject to the order of Admiral Joutet. Lieut. Mason will be in command of artillery. With the arrival of the Tennessee at Aspinwall, the fleet will consist of five vessels.

Wheat at Chicago.

CHICAGO, April 6.—11 A. M.—Grain is firm and higher. There is greater activity in wheat than for a number of weeks. The upward movement is ascribed to bad crop reports. Wheat opened somewhat easier at 80 1/2 cents, May, but advanced to 81 1/2 cents, declined to 81 1/2 cents.

Quiet Election at Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, April 6.—The election is progressing with unusual quietness. No arrests had been made at 11 o'clock. The weather is clear and pleasant.

The Sun On the Bad Times.

NEW YORK, April 6.—The Daily Sun has a notable editorial under the caption, "What Makes the Bad Times?" In reply to a correspondent, who attributes depression to the withdrawal of the national bank notes from circulation, the Sun shows that money was never so cheap as now and that as the depression extends throughout Europe as well as the United States, it cannot be attributed to adoption of the Gold standard or to tariff laws; nor to the condition of our shipping and ocean transportation.

The Sun concludes: "Yet while the great collapse is indisputable and irresistible, we may be well contented over the fact that it is not so destructive as might be, and that business is quite as good and the situation of the country quite as encouraging as we ought to expect. The country is rich and sound, and, when all inflated and delusive concerns are settled up and cleared away, we shall find that we are a great deal better off than prophets of calamity and despair have imagined."

General Assembly Adjourns for the Elections.

COLUMBUS, O., April 4.—Both branches of the Ohio Legislature met at an early hour this morning and adjourned until Tuesday afternoon, on account of the spring elections.

In the Senate Mr. Godfrey presented the petition of the Ohio Woman's Temperance Union for a law enabling women to vote at all elections where not expressly prohibited by the Constitution, and also for an amendment to the Constitution granting women the right of suffrage.

The general appropriation bill was read the first time, laid on the table and ordered printed in advance of other matter.

Advance Movement.

SCAKIN, April 6.—The guards and other troops marched this morning in the direction of Houndoub. Orders are given to build a zereba at that point. The British expect serious opposition on their line. The march will be continued until Wednesday, when the troops will probably reach the point where a large body of Arabs is reported to be entrenched.

Imane Youth Murders His Mother and Sister.

CHICAGO, April 5.—It is just learned here that Edward Nash, an insane youth, aged twenty, this afternoon murdered his mother and sister, aged fifty-five and twenty-two years respectively, and then taking a home and wagon fled. The scene of the tragedy is a farm house five miles west of here. Addison Nash, the father was away from home at the time. Returning this evening he discovered the lifeless bodies of his wife and daughter. Officers are in pursuit of the maniac. He was taken to an asylum about a year ago, being then violent and dangerous. He recovered somewhat, and had lived at home for six months.

War Still Likely.

CALCUTTA, April 6.—Orders have been received by the East Indian Government from London to actively continue preparations for war, notwithstanding the pacific assurances from Russia. The morning papers generally declare the Russian answer regarding the Afghan frontier dispute as elusive and unsatisfactory.

Three Persons Burned to Death.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., April 6.—On Saturday night John Joyce, seventy-five years of age, was burned in his dwelling together with his three-year-old daughter, and Miss Rice, aged forty years. Mr. Joyce lived fourteen miles from Asheville, Tenn. Fuel play is suspected but no clue has been obtained.

A Riot.

LONDON, April 6.—A dispatch from Larissa, Island of Cyprus, reports a serious riot, growing out of a woman's attack upon a religious procession of the Greek Church.

Broker Suspended.

PITTSBURGH, April 6.—W. B. Vandergrift, a well-known broker was suspended from the Exchange today for non-fulfillment of contract.

New French Cabinet.

PARIS, April 6.—La Sicile says: A new cabinet has been formed, including De Freycinet and a general meeting will be held today.

Fire.

FOX DU LAC, Wis., April 5.—O. C. Steenburgh's saw and door factory burned this morning. Loss, \$35,000; insurance, \$12,000.

THE CONDITION OF GEN. GRANT.

It was clear Sunday that there was no hope for permanent improvement in the case of General Grant and he was, himself, clearly aware of the hopelessness of his case. He appeared to be quite comfortable during the day.

Dr. Fordyce Barker left the house, after a consultation Sunday evening, he reported that the General was quiet, but grew no stronger.

At the time Dr. Shady sat down to write the 5:15 bulletin, General Badeau and General Grant were speaking of the kindness of so many people in calling. Dr. Shady turned to General Grant and remarked that the General was so well it was hard work to prepare bulletins, and then General Grant dictated the 5:15 bulletin, the doctor, by the General's desire, quoting him in the first person in the last sentence, as indicated.

This bulletin is as follows:

General Grant has just awakened from a short nap and expresses himself as being very comfortable. He wishes it stated that he is very much touched and very grateful for the prayerful sympathy and interest manifested for him by his friends, and by those who heretofore have not been regarded as such. He says: "I desire the good will of all, whether heretofore friends or not."

Monday evening indications were favorable for a comfortable night for the General.

NEWS NOTES.

Columbus (O.) Democrats are discouraged. Hon. A. R. Clarke, a State Senator of Kentucky, is dead.

The Indian troubles in British America are on the increase.

A fire at Nashville destroyed four buildings. Loss \$200,000.

John M. Neely of Batavia, O., committed suicide by hanging.

Fire in the Gosport Navy Yard at Norfolk, Va., caused a heavy loss.

Representative Randall and ex-Secretary Frelinghuysen are both improved in health.

Joe Palmer, the Cincinnati murderer, was sentenced to be hanged Wednesday, July 15.

George F. Kupper committed suicide in Cincinnati by shooting himself through the heart.

Proceedings have been begun to inquire as to the sanity of Rev. Dr. S. H. Tyng, of Irvington, N. Y.

John W. Ladd, the Indianapolis police officer who was arrested on a charge of incest, escaped from jail.

Reports from various parts of the State indicate that the wheat crop in Ohio will be far below the average.

A fire at "Chinatown," San Francisco, resulted in a loss of \$300,000, and three Chinese were burned to death.

Barrios, leader of the revolution in the Central American States, is reported to have been killed at the battle of Chalucapa.

The representatives of the factions in Rowan county, Ky., who went to see the adjutant general, have come to an agreement.

The Ladder Brothers, Philadelphia embrozzlers, were sentenced to three years and three months each in the county prison.

ROSEWELL.

Mr. Sharp has moved to Allentown.

THE GLAD EASTER.

Observance Yesterday of the Great Christian Festival—Inspiring Anthems and Beautiful Flowers.

Easter Sunday, it may be said, never met with a more general or fitting observance in Springfield than yesterday. With the exception of an occasional shower or passing cloud the weather was pleasant and conspired with other attractions, no doubt, to bring out the large audiences which assembled at all the city churches, from which issued the peals of organ and harmonious blending of human voices in the joyful Easter anthems or hymns of praise. To the young people in the Sabbath-schools the lessons of the anniversary were brought home in various appropriate ways. At the First Presbyterian church there were crowded and deeply impressed congregations morning and evening. The decorations filling the space about the pulpit and platform, consisted of the choicest treasures of the conservatory, arranged artfully to produce the most pleasing effects to the eye, viewed from any point. The choir, augmented by special voices, bore its full share in the very beautiful service.

The "Argument of Easter" was Rev. Dr. Falconer's subject of discourse in the morning and "The Poetry of Easter" in the evening.

The floral decorations at the Congregational church were simple but in the best taste, consisting of living green contrasted with the pure white of callas, carnations and Easter flowers, in pyramidal form in front of the pulpit, well arranged by a committee of young ladies; with a large cross of cut flowers, donated by Mrs. Frantz.

At the morning service, after "I Know That My Redeemer Liveth," as an organ voluntary by Mr. Hendley, the choir rendered Sherrin's, "The Lord is Risen, Indeed," the Easter hymn, from Plymouth Collection, and others. Rev. W. B. Warren taking for his text: "I am the Resurrection and the Life," made direct application of the significance of emblematic customs displayed on this day, and made practical the lessons of the day. There was a service of special interest in the afternoon at the Lagoda avenue chapel, the attendance being larger than at any Sabbath since the chapel was opened. The ladies in the vicinity, Mrs. McGroarty, Mrs. Reynolds, Mrs. Peris and others provided very beautiful decorations, as elaborate as seen in many of the churches in the city. There were timely addresses by Rev. Mr. Warren, Mr. Geo. C. Hall and Mr. C. M. Nichols. In the evening Rev. Wm. E. Fay preached to a large congregation.

That which has been said of other churches is applicable to the First and Second English and to the German Lutheran churches. The church interiors were greatly beautified by masses of fragrant plants and flowers and floral forms. The Sabbath-schools participated in the evening exercises, which were from printed sheets, with appropriate music.

The same observations that in other years have marked the day at High Street M. E. church prevailed yesterday. At the morning service, a new Easter anthem, by Pontius, was sung by the excellent choir, as well as the "Old Easter" anthem, which is an inviolable feature of the Easter programme at High Street. The discourses were able and appropriate.

Christ Church.

Christ Church was one of the most extensively decorated of all the city churches. At the extreme left of the chancel, the font was trimmed with a great number of lilies. The reading desk was filled with plants of various kinds, and the base covered with flowers. At the center of the chancel, on both sides of the opening around the communion table, was a stand covered with blooming plants arranged in the shape of a pyramid. The pulpit was profusely trimmed with cut flowers of innumerable varieties. On the center of the communion table stood a large cross, and around this cross was arranged a wreath of white tiger flowers. On each side of this cross was a banner with an appropriate inscription. The panels of the pulpit were filled with moss, and in the moss were stuck flowers and buds of many different kinds. No idea of the effect of these decorations can be conveyed by words. It is one of those things which need to be seen to be appreciated. The great abundance of lilies, and the wreath of tiger lilies, in particular, seem to have been especially admired.

The services were impressive in proportion to the decorations. The music and singing were most highly praised by all with whom we have spoken today.

First Baptist.

Easter was observed in this church in a manner appropriate to the day. The floral decorations were not profuse, but were a fine collection of choice and rare plants, tastefully arranged about the pulpit.

In the morning the pastor preached an appropriate sermon. He selected as his text the 35th verse of the 15th chapter of 1st Corinthians: "But some man will say, How are the dead raised up? and with what body do they come?" The following are a few of the points which he so effectively presented. He said that the resurrection of the dead is a spiritual resurrection, and that the resurrection of the body is a physical resurrection. He said that the resurrection of the body is a physical resurrection, and that the resurrection of the spirit is a spiritual resurrection. He said that the resurrection of the body is a physical resurrection, and that the resurrection of the spirit is a spiritual resurrection.

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of singing by the school, recitations and select scriptural readings, all pointing to the risen Messiah. The story of Jesus was aptly and tenderly delineated by biblical mottoes bearing upon the life of the immaculate Saviour from the time of the conspiracy which was formed by the Jews to kill him to the time of his ascension, which was the triumphal culmination of his earthly mission.

The audience which assembled in the evening was large, completely filling the main audience room and the next room in the rear. The occasion as a whole was creditable to the officers and scholars of the school.

St. Paul.

The church was trimmed with a profusion of flowers of various kinds, most of them being furnished by Mrs. P. P. Mast. Across the pulpit was thrown an iron arch covered with lilies about a foot long. These lilies were pierced with numerous little holes which served as gas burners, and when lighted formed the motto, "Christ is Risen," in letters of fire. Underneath the arch was a cross, and above, a crown, made in the same manner.

In the evening the services consisted of music, recitations and a sermon by Dr. Tuckley. The musical programme embraced an Alleluia by Meadelsola, "Tranquillo," an Easter anthem, "Christ, Our Passover," by W. E. Williams, "De Deum Landimus," by Lloyd; Gloria Patri, by Danks; organ and cello allegretto.

The recitations were delivered by Miss Winwood and Miss Croy, who by their delivery won high encomiums from all their hearers. The church, as was to be expected, was filled to overflowing, and all who were present united in declaring the decorations exceedingly fine and the services most excellent. Dr. Tuckley's sermon is spoken of in the highest terms.

First Presbyterian.

The church was decorated with flowers of different kinds. On the east side of the pulpit was a small pyramid of flowers and, on the west, a large one. Amongst the plants which formed the pyramid on the west side was a large banana plant.

The music was furnished by a double choir which performed its part in the day's services in a manner which has never been excelled in the church. The sermon was one of Dr. Falconer's ablest and the services, as a whole, were probably equal to any in the history of the church.

Second Presbyterian.

The Second Presbyterian church was tastefully decorated with plants and flowers. There were no mottoes or other floral designs. On the pulpit and tables in front of it were a number of plants in pots, and a great variety of flowers were arranged in bouquets upon the pulpit. The decorations, while not so elaborate as in some of the churches, were characterized by good taste, and the music and sermon are worthy of the highest praise which can be bestowed upon them.

Easter Concert.

The Methodist Protestant church, on Pleasant street, was well filled on Sabbath evening with a delightful audience, on the occasion of the Easter concert of the Sabbath school and Band of Hope. The exercise consisted of excellent singing by the children, led by the Band of Hope orchestra and choir; also appropriate recitations, catechetical exercises in concert on the crucifixion and resurrection of Christ, etc. The Sabbath school of this church is now in a prosperous condition, and the Band of Hope service held each afternoon is one of much interest. The Band now numbers over 250 members.

The Tail and Muscles of the Whale.

The power of this tremendous propulsive apparatus is almost beyond conception. The weight of a full-grown whale may be appreciated when the reader reflects that the famous elephant "Jumbo" would have to be multiplied many times before his weight would equal that of a large whale. Yet the late Capt. Scott, Royal Navy, told me that when on the quarter deck of the whaling ship he repeatedly saw the whales leaping in mere play so high out of the water that the horizon was clearly visible under them. Now, Capt. Scott lived to be nearly 100 years old, and when he was in active service the quarter deck of a man-of-war was at least 30 feet above the water; add to this measurement his own height, (he being rather a tall man), and the reader can then appreciate the terrific power of the animal's tail. I may here mention that this habit of springing out of the water is called "breaching" by whalers. Besides the great muscular apparatus which surrounds the body, it is scientifically and happily called the "pneumatic carnosus"—or "fleshy rag"—and is developed in various ways, according to the animal. It is with this muscle that the dog shakes his skin when he comes out of the water. The hedgehog has it very powerfully developed in order to enable it to coil itself into the spiky ball with which we are so familiar. The manis, armadillo, and echidna also possess it and use it for a similar purpose. Man has but very little of it, the chief vestige being the muscles of the face, which give to the human countenance its changing expressions. The whale wants it for two purposes. He wants it to enable him to bend his body—a function easily observed in the dolphins as they curve their graceful course through the sea; but chiefly he needs it, because by contracting it he can make his body heavier than a corresponding bulk of water. This he has no difficulty in doing, and when he wishes to seek the surface he has only to relax the pressure, when the body regains its original size and becomes lighter than the proportionate bulk of water. By means of this muscle the hippopotamus, the elephant, and the seal can sink themselves below the surface and rise again without moving a limb. For want of it man cannot perform this feat, and the best swimmer in the world would not be able to sink and rise again to the surface without moving hand or foot.—The Rev. J. G. Wood, in Longman's Magazine.

Hugh Conway's story "Dark Days," has attained a larger circulation than his "Called Back," two hundred thousand copies of the former story having been sold. No novelist has achieved so happy a result in so short a period of time.

GLEANINGS.

The archbishop of York has two residences and a salary of \$30,000.

A factory in Elk Rapids, Mich., makes 250 gallons of wood alcohol every day.

In Wyoming Territory, an ordinarily healthful region, there is one doctor in every thirty inhabitants.

The average daily consumption of eggs throughout the United States is estimated at 45,000,000.

From a single tree 192 bread fruits have been gathered, the average weight of each fruit being over two pounds.

The city of Providence has had the same Mayor for over a quarter of a century. His name is Thomas A. Doyle.

The weight of grain in wheat and rye, in proportion to the straw, is about one-third of the whole, while in barley it ranges from one-half to one-third.

The moistest climate known is in India, at Cherrapongee, where over a small area the yearly fall of rain is more than 610 inches, or about 51 feet.

The inmost purpose of an author ought always to be sharply looked into, as carefully as were it a question of sweet air or foul sewage gas.—Boston Herald.

The man who will undertake to meet the heavy demand for beeswax and honey all over the world by engaging in bee culture in Mexico has a sure and rapid fortune.—Kansas City Times.

In England co-operation has been made a success, and it can be in this country, if the intelligent mechanics will put themselves at the head of the movement.—Battle Creek, (Mich.) Morning Call.

Much modern poetry ought to be accompanied by a diagram, or, at least, of interpretation. Life is too short and poetry too plenty for readers to work half a day over the combination of one poem.—New Albany, (Ind.) Ledger.

It must be apparent to a comparatively superficial observer that the Devon cattle are overlooked by the great majority of our American stock-raisers in their search after the most profitable breed.—National Live Stock Journal, Chicago.

Kip wakes firm. Union crop is now sown. Hides are off from cattle. Hemlock sole seems better. Findings men feel a bit right. Calfskin-men veal encouraged. Shoe-manufacturers are pecking along. Kids are lively.—Shoe and Leather Review.

A Philadelphia gentleman has collected a large room in his house with a collection of suspensions. The collection is most notable and instructive variety in texture, color and style. The best pair is worth \$100. The collection is insured against loss by fire.

It is now denied that Nero fiddled while Rome burned. The truth probably is that Nero, at the time of the conflagration, was hustling about among the citizens, getting subscriptions to keep up two or three fire companies that had been cut off from the department by the new city government.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

It is proposed to erect an iron tower 984 feet in height as one of the novelties of the Paris Exposition of 1889. This will be, by all odds, the highest structure in the world. The projectors of the enterprise claim that, in addition to being a novelty, the tower will be scientifically useful in measuring upper air currents and experiments with lightning. Its value in enabling the French to keep an eye on England is not alluded to officially.—Chicago Tribune.

Formerly-making the Bell Telephone Company "takes the cake." The City of Philadelphia it paid last year dividends of \$229,600 on a capital of \$500,000, or a profit of 41 per cent. This enormous profit was made on a business of \$89,677 on an actual investment of only \$403,620 in lines and plant. And yet we are told that rates are reasonable and should not come down. It is high time that the public should erect the standard.—Down with telephone rates.—Burlington (Ia.) Gazette.

Just before his death Captain Payne remarked, in a speech at Gauda Springs, that he at Oklahoma, drank Oklahoma, and was Oklahoma from the crown of his head to the soles of his feet, and when he died he wished to be buried at Oklahoma. As strange as it may seem this desire was granted. When Captain Payne was so suddenly stricken with death at the De Barnard Hotel, in this city, he dropped back from the table, his body falling in the direction of the corseted land, and his last wish was granted.—Wellington (Kan.) Press.

With the thermometer 58 degrees below zero, writes a correspondent from Manitoba, the air is so wonderfully clear and dry that it does not seem half so cold as it really is, but the effects are reliable proofs of the temperature. It is a very common sight to see people partly frozen, but unless they see themselves in a glass or unless they feel the effects of not being aware of being frozen. Occasionally the part frozen will snap off. Mustard two feet above the stove will freeze. Water poured from a boiler into a pail and taken at once to the stable will frequently be coated with ice, which must be broken before the cattle can drink.

Colonel Vilas, of Wisconsin, the new Postmaster General, is still under 45, and has perfect health. He is a tall, straight, dark, fine-looking man, with a black Roscoe Conkling curl, and a dignified air. He is very flowery in his conversation and his speeches. He has an iron will, and though he can be pleasant he understands how to say no. His wife is an educated lady, society. His wife is an educated lady, society. His wife is an educated lady, society.

Of the gifts received by the University of Virginia since its establishment in 1819, amounting to \$719,700, \$653,600 has been contributed since the War. This total of \$719,700 is exclusive of the gifts constituting part of the fixed endowment of the university yielding revenue which amounts to \$282,600, all of which, except \$2,600, has been also given since the War. Since the organization of the university Virginia has become the dispenser of liberal education to the South and West. It has today more of its alumni in the Senate of the United States than has any other college in the Union. About two hundred of its alumni occupy professional chairs, while many others are conducting first-class academies.

In one of his speeches delivered in New York, Mr. Webster said: "It has so happened that all the public services which I have rendered in the world in

any day and generation have been connected with the General Government. I think I ought to make an exception. I was ten days a member of the Massachusetts Legislature, and I turned my thoughts to the search of some good object in which I could be useful in that position; and, after much reflection, I introduced a bill which, with the general consent of both Houses of the Massachusetts Legislature, passed into a law, and is now a law of the State, which enacts that no man in the State shall catch trout in any other manner than with the ordinary hook and line."

Speaking of L. Q. C. Lamar, of Mississippi, the Secretary of the Interior in President Cleveland's Cabinet, that staunch and broad-minded Republican, United States Senator W. B. Allison, of Iowa, says: "Mr. Lamar is a great man. He is well-informed, and has that knowledge of public affairs which is so essential to their successful administration. He is a gentlemanly, dignified man. I believe him to be kind-hearted and fair. He has the reputation of being honest, and he is able. If there were any criticism to be passed upon Mr. Lamar it would not be one that would be urged against his intellectual qualifications. It might be a question whether he has the will to carry him through any task requiring severe labor, but of that he, of course, is a better judge than any one else."

In An African Village.